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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/081,502	02/22/2002	Kimberlee A. Kemble	BOC9-2001-0017 (261)	1503
40987 7590 08/03/2007 AKERMAN SENTERFITT P. O. BOX 3188 WEST PALM BEACH, FL 33402-3188			EXAMINER ·	
			SERROU, ABDELALI	
			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			2626	
			MAIL DATE	DELIVERY MODE
			08/03/2007	PAPER

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)
	10/081,502	KEMBLE ET AL.
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit
	Abdelali Serrou	2626
The MAILING DATE of this communication app Period for Reply	ears on the cover sheet with the o	correspondence address
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DA - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period w - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION 36(a). In no event, however, may a reply be ting will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from a cause the application to become ABANDONE	N. nely filed the mailing date of this communication. D (35 U.S.C. § 133).
Status	•	
1) ☐ Responsive to communication(s) filed on 29 M 2a) ☐ This action is FINAL. 2b) ☐ This 3) ☐ Since this application is in condition for allowar closed in accordance with the practice under E	action is non-final.	
Disposition of Claims	•	
4) ☐ Claim(s) 19-38 is/are pending in the application 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdray 5) ☐ Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) ☐ Claim(s) 19-38 is/are rejected. 7) ☐ Claim(s) is/are objected to. 8) ☐ Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or	vn from consideration.	
Application Papers	•	
9) ☐ The specification is objected to by the Examine 10) ☑ The drawing(s) filed on 22 February 2002 is/are Applicant may not request that any objection to the Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correct 11) ☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the Ex	e: a)⊠ accepted or b)⊡ objected drawing(s) be held in abeyance. Se ion is required if the drawing(s) is ob	e 37 CFR 1.85(a). ejected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119		
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority documents 2. Certified copies of the priority documents 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority application from the International Bureau	s have been received. s have been received in Applicat ity documents have been receiv	ion No
* See the attached detailed Office action for a list	of the certified copies not receive	ed.
Attachment(s) 1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date	4) Interview Summary Paper No(s)/Mail D 5) Notice of Informal F 6) Other:	ate

Art Unit: 2626

DETAILED ACTION

Response to Amendment

1. In response to the Non-Final Rejection mailed on 02/27/07, applicant filed an amendment on 05/29/2007, canceling claims 1-18, and adding new claims 19-38.

Response to Arguments

2. Applicant's arguments have been considered but are moot in view of the new grounds of rejection.

The amended Office Action is given bellow.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

3. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

(e) the invention was described in (1) an application for patent, published under section 122(b), by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent or (2) a patent granted on an application for patent by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent, except that an international application filed under the treaty defined in section 351(a) shall have the effects for purposes of this subsection of an application filed in the United States only if the international application designated the United States and was published under Article 21(2) of such treaty in the English language.

Claims 19-21, 24-26, 28-31, 34-36, and 38, are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) as being anticipated by McAlister et al., Patent No. 6,421,672.

As per claims 19, 24, 29, and 34, McAllister et al. teach a method for disambiguating search results (see abstract) comprising:

retrieving multiple database entries (multiple listings, col. 2, line 42-51) responsive to a database search, wherein said retrieved database entries include a plurality of common data fields (primary key and secondary data fields, col. 2, lines 53 and 60; and col. 5, line 6);

processing data items in each of the data fields of said retrieved database entries according to predetermined disambiguation criteria (col. 7, lines 46-63, and col. 8, lines 44-65, wherein additional processing and database are provided to resolve the ambiguity of the listings, according to predetermined disambiguation criteria, and distinguish it between other listings, when the listings disambiguation that lead to an accurate pronunciation is not configured);

based upon said processing, identifying from among said plurality of common data fields at least one disambiguation data field that satisfies said predetermined disambiguation criteria (col. 3, lines 34-54, wherein the system uses hierarchical search pattern to identify distinguishing information, and determines that the locations, along with the names, of the identified listings is more suitable to identify the right candidate);

selecting one disambiguation data field based on a predetermined selection criterion when more than one disambiguation data field is identified in the identifying step (col. 3, lines 34-54, wherein a disambiguation field (location) is selected to distinguish between the callers); and

presenting, through a speech interface (speech signal), data items corresponding to said selected disambiguation data field for each said retrieved database entry (see col. 3, lines 47-54), wherein said speech interface is used in conjunction with a system in which said database search is performed (see Fig. 1, field 34a and col. 7, lines 63-67), and wherein said speech interface provides users of said system with an interface for searching for information contained within a

Application/Control Number: 10/081,502

Art Unit: 2626

database in which said database search was conducted and with an interface for audibly receiving results of said database search (see col. 9, lines 37-67).

As per claims 20, 25, 30, and 35, McAllister teaches excluding data fields of said retrieved database entries having duplicate data items (see col. 2, lines 52-65).

As per claims 21, 26, 31, and 36, McAllister teaches excluding data fields having data items that are not able to be accurately pronounced using the speech interface (col. 4, lines 23-25, "... eliminate unlikely pronunciations"), wherein data item pronounceability is determined using at least one of a determination technique based upon a failed dictionary lookup where the dictionary contains pronounceable data items and a determination technique that analyzes patterns of consonant-vowel combinations occurring within the data items (inherently disclosed in the system, to synthesize speech, col. 4, line 61 – col. 5, line3).

As per claims 28 and 38, Mc Allister teaches receiving a user input specifying a data item associated with said selected disambiguation data field to disambiguate said retrieved database entries (col. 3, lines 55-65).

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 4. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
- (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

Claims 22, 23, 27, 32, 33, and 37 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over McAllister et al. in view of Gilai et al., U.S. Patent No. 6,256,630.

Art Unit: 2626

As per claims 22, 27, 32, and 37, McAllister et al. disclose all the limitations of claims 21, 26, 31, and 36 upon which claims 22, 27, 32, and 37 depend. McAllister et al. do not explicitly teach excluding data fields having data items that exceed a predetermined maximum threshold, wherein the maximum length is determined from an empirical analysis of a relative ease with which users recall audibly presented speech items. However, this feature is well known in the art as evidenced by Gilai et al. which disclose a database accessing system and method comprising the step of excluding data fields having data items that exceed a predetermined maximum threshold, wherein the maximum length is determined from an empirical analysis of a relative ease with which users recall audibly presented speech items (see col. 12, part c and col. 7, lines 55-60). It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to use the similarity method of Gilai et al. (which meets the claimed limitation of "empirical analysis of relative case" to improve the accuracy and efficiency of the retrieval process by providing the best selected candidate entries (Gilai, col. 16, pages 14-23).

As per claims 23 and 33, McAllister et al. disclose all the limitations of claims 19 and 29, upon which claims 23 and 33 depend. McAllister et al. do not explicitly teach selecting the disambiguation data field having data items with a smallest average length. However, this feature is well known in the art as evidenced by Gilai et al. which discloses a database accessing system and method comprising the step of determining a data from said plurality of common data fields having data item with a smallest average length, (see col. 12, part b). Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to use the determining step of Gilai et al. in the processing step of McAllister et al., because this would

Art Unit: 2626

improve the accuracy and efficiency of the data retrieval process by providing the best selected candidate entries (Gilai, col. 16, pages 14-23).

Conclusion

Applicant's amendment necessitated the new ground(s) of rejection presented in this 5. Office action. Accordingly, THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL. See MPEP § 706.07(a). Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the date of this final action.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Abdelali Serrou whose telephone number is 571-272-7638. The examiner can normally be reached on 8:30-5:00.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, David R. Hudspeth can be reached on 571-272-7843. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Application/Control Number: 10/081,502

Art Unit: 2626

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

A. Serrou 7/30/07

> DAVID HUDSPETH SUPERVISORY PATENT EXAMINER TECHNOLOGY CENTER 2600

Page 7